

not yielded passing results by the expiration of the overall test time fails the test.

(1) *High-speed mode.* (i) The mode timer starts (mt=0) when the vehicle engine speed is between 2200 and 2800 rpm. If the engine speed falls below 2200 rpm or exceeds 2800 rpm for more than two seconds in one excursion, or more than six seconds over all excursions within 30 seconds of the final measured value used in the pass/fail determination, the measured value is invalidated and the mode continued. If any excursion lasts for more than ten seconds, the mode timer resets to zero (mt=0) and timing resumes. The high-speed mode length is 90 seconds elapsed time (mt=90).

(ii) The pass/fail analysis begins after an elapsed time of ten seconds (mt=10). A pass or fail determination is made for the vehicle and the mode is terminated in accordance with paragraphs (f)(1)(ii)(A) and (B) of this section.

(A) The vehicle passes the high-speed mode and the mode is terminated at an elapsed time of 90 seconds (mt=90) if any measured values are less than or equal to the applicable short test standards as described in § 86.1438(d).

(B) The vehicle fails the high-speed mode and the test is terminated if the requirements of paragraph (f)(1)(ii)(A) of this section are not satisfied by an elapsed time of 90 seconds (mt=90).

(2) *Idle mode.* (i) The mode timer starts (mt=0) when the vehicle engine speed is between 350 and 1100 rpm. If the engine speed exceeds 1100 rpm or falls below 350 rpm, the mode timer resets to zero and resumes timing. The minimum idle mode length is determined as described in paragraph (f)(2)(ii) of this section. The maximum idle mode length is 90 seconds elapsed time (mt=90).

(ii) The pass/fail analysis begins after an elapsed time of ten seconds (mt=10). A pass or fail determination is made for the vehicle and the mode is terminated in accordance with paragraphs (f)(2)(ii)(A) and (B) of this section.

(A) The vehicle passes the idle mode and the test is immediately terminated if, at any point prior to an elapsed time of 90 seconds (mt=90), the measured values are less than or equal to the ap-

plicable short test standards as described in § 86.1438(d)(4).

(B) The vehicle fails the idle mode and the test is terminated if the requirements of paragraphs (f)(2)(ii)(A) of this section are not satisfied by an elapsed time of 90 seconds (mt=90).

[58 FR 58426, Nov. 1, 1993; 59 FR 33913, 33914, July 1, 1994]

§§ 86.1440–86.1441 [Reserved]

§ 86.1442 Information required.

(a) *General data.* The information listed in paragraphs (a) (1) through (14) of this section must be recorded with respect to each CST. Elements of this general data may be located separately from the CST emission data, as long as the general data can easily be presented together with the CST emission data when a complete data set for the vehicle is desired.

(1) Test number.

(2) Vehicle description, including engine family code, vehicle ID number, version number, manufacturer, number of cylinders, equivalent test weight, weight class and odometer reading.

(3) Date and time of day for the test.

(4) Driver and equipment operator IDs.

(5) Gas analyzers: Analyzer bench ID, analyzer ranges, recordings of analyzer output during zero, span, and sample readings.

(6) Recorder charts or computer printouts: Test number, date, vehicle ID, operator ID, and identification of the measurements recorded.

(7) Soak area ambient temperature (°F).

(8) Test cell ambient temperature (°F), barometric pressure, and humidity. (A central laboratory barometer may be used, provided that individual test cell barometric pressures are shown to be within ± 0.1 percent of the barometric pressure at the central barometer location.)

(9) Test fuel: RVP and type (Otto-cycle test fuel or Cold CO test fuel).

(10) Warmup operation performed, for example, none, full Urban Dynamometer Driving Schedule (UDDS), first 505 seconds of the UDDS, other confirmatory test procedure, other transient operation.

(11) Wait time characteristics, including total time and engine off/restart cycle schedule.

(12) Preconditioning; duration and type, for example, minimum 2500 rpm idle or minimum 30 mph (48 kph) loaded steady state operation.

(13) CST procedure type, as described in § 86.1439.

(14) Dynamometer ID.

(b) *CST emission data.* For each CST, the information listed in paragraphs (b) (1) through (3) of this section must be recorded with respect to each sampling mode.

(1) The reported exhaust concentrations, i.e., those for which the product of HC+(151*CO) is at a minimum. Round initial test results to the number of decimal places contained in the respective standards expressed to one additional significant figure; round final test results to the number of decimal places contained in the respective standards. Rounding is done in accordance with ASTM E 29-90, Standard Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications. This procedure has been incorporated by reference (see § 86.1).

(2) The test time and mode time at which the reported exhaust concentrations are at a minimum.

(3) Minimum CO+CO₂ concentration (if applicable).

Subpart P—Emission Regulations for Otto-Cycle Heavy-Duty Engines, New Methanol-Fueled Natural Gas-Fueled, and Liquefied Petroleum Gas-Fueled Diesel-Cycle Heavy-Duty Engines, New Otto-Cycle Light-Duty Trucks, and New Methanol-Fueled Natural Gas-Fueled, and Liquefied Petroleum Gas-Fueled Diesel-Cycle Light-Duty Trucks; Idle Test Procedures

AUTHORITY: Secs. 202, 206, 207, 208, 301(a), Clean Air Act, as amended 42 U.S.C. 7521, 7525, 7541, 7542, and 7601.

SOURCE: 48 FR 52252, Nov. 16, 1983, unless otherwise noted.

§ 86.1501-90 Scope; applicability.

This subpart contains gaseous emission idle test procedures for gasoline-fueled and methanol-fueled Otto-cycle heavy-duty engines, and for gasoline-fueled and methanol-fueled Otto-cycle light-duty trucks. It applies to 1990 and later model years.

[54 FR 14611, Apr. 11, 1989]

§ 86.1501-94 Scope; applicability.

(a) This subpart contains gaseous emission idle test procedures for light-duty trucks and heavy-duty engines for which idle CO standards apply. It applies to 1994 and later model years. The idle test procedures are optionally applicable to 1994 through 1996 model year natural gas-fueled and liquefied petroleum gas-fueled light-duty trucks and heavy-duty engines.

(b) References in this subpart to engine families and emission control systems shall be deemed to apply to durability groups and test groups as applicable for manufacturers certifying new light-duty trucks and Otto-cycle complete heavy-duty vehicles under the provisions of subpart S of this part.

[65 FR 59963, Oct. 6, 2000]

§ 86.1502-84 Definitions.

The definitions in § 86.084-2 or § 86.1803-01, as applicable, apply to this subpart.

[64 FR 23923, May 4, 1999]

§ 86.1503-84 Abbreviations.

The abbreviations in § 86.084-3 or in § 86.1804-01, as applicable, apply to this subpart.

[64 FR 23923, May 4, 1999]

§ 86.1504-90 Section numbering; construction.

(a) The model year of initial applicability is indicated by the section number. The two digits following the hyphen designate the first model year for which a section is effective. A section remains effective until superseded.

Example: Section 86.1511-84 applies to the 1984 and subsequent model years until superseded. If § 86.1511-85 is promulgated, it would take effect beginning with the 1985 model year. Section 86.1511-83 would apply to model years 1983 and 1984.